

STORM IN ILLINOIS

Corpses and Ruined Homes
in Wake of Tornado.

MANY KNOWN TO BE DEAD

Various Towns in the State are Swept
by Wind Terror—Straits Seem
to Have Been the Great
Sufferers.

A special from Streator, Ill., says: A tornado Friday evening killed five persons, fatally injured a score of others and caused a property loss of \$2,000,000.

The dead are: Harry Doyle, Neil H. Bivens, R. Purcell, Charles Snyder, W. D. Row, colored.

The following are reported fatally injured: George Doyle, Mrs. Doyle, Bessie Boucher, Charles Snyder, Fred Crone, fractured skull; Mrs. Crone, Mrs. Smith, Miss Smith, Captain Peabody and wife, Ralph Boucher, Mrs. Henry Pease and baby, George Hunter, George Doyle's little child, three children of A. J. Daugherty and a man employed on the latter's farm.

Killed at Race Track.

All except Purcell were killed at the race track. A new building had just been erected and the races were to have been given week after next. Not a building is left standing. All of the buildings at Case Electric park were destroyed and the fence and amphitheatre of the ball park were blown away. Stauder's clothing factory, a two-story brick building, was blown down and all the stock was ruined.

The Vulcan Western Company's plant suffered heavy loss. Purcell was killed there. The Illinois, Indiana and Iowa bridge, costing nearly \$1,000,000, is nearly half gone. The hoisting works and building in Kangley, four miles west of Streator, were blown down and several persons were injured. Many houses were unroofed and otherwise damaged. Telephone and telegraph lines are nearly all down and details are meager.

Four Killed; Ten Injured.

Four persons were killed and ten were seriously injured by a tornado which struck the northern part of Mendota, Ill., Friday night. The known dead are: Cora Reisdorf, aged 15; Ora Lundy, aged 19; Daniel Schamel, aged 13; — Schamel, aged 4.

The injured are: Mrs. John Wirschem, Miss Wirschem, Mrs. Oscar Milligan, Jerome Milligan, Alice Wilson, Edna Austin, James Smith, Henry Schweitzer and Mrs. James Smith.

Town of Gardner Destroyed.

A Chicago special says: There were unconfirmed reports that the town of Gardner, in Grundy county, had been destroyed and many people killed. All wires leading to the town are down and no definite information can be secured.

MANY PROMINENT NAMES

Were Attached to that Jewish Petition

Turned Down by Russian Bear.

A list of names of some of the signers to the petition against the recent Kishinev massacre has been made public. Among them are the names of Senators Thomas C. Platt, of New York, and Money, of Mississippi; Governors Terrell, of Georgia; Montague, of Virginia; Jelks, of Alabama, and Longino, of Mississippi; the entire legislature of Georgia, Justices Peckham, Herrick and Caester, all of the justices of the appellate division and the supreme court of Illinois, Chief Justice McSherry, United States District Attorney A. W. Packett and United States Judge Henry C. Niles and W. F. Stevens, of Mississippi; Bishops Gallagher, of Texas; Burke, of Albany, and Galloway, of Mississippi; many representatives in congress, the mayors and city officers of over fifty cities, including Mayor Low, of New York, and Mayor Harrison, of Chicago, the county and state officers of many cities, besides a host of well known private citizens of the country.

JOINT BOARD IS FORMED.

Matters Relating to Army and Navy in Hands of Eight Officers.

Secretary Root and Secretary Moody Friday issued the following joint order: "The department of war and the department of the navy have agreed upon the formation of a joint board, to be composed of four officers of the army and four of the navy, to hold stated sessions and such extraordinary sessions as shall appear advisable for the purpose of conferring, discussing and reaching common conclusions regarding all matters calling for the co-operation of the two services."

KOREA WANTS OPEN PORT.

Permission is Asked of China to Let Down the Bars at Wiju.

The Korean minister at Peking has urged Prince Ching, head of the foreign office, to instruct the Chinese minister at Seoul to authorize Korea to open Wiju, Korea, to foreign trade, as a means of mutual defense against Russian encroachment, but his action is regarded as futile.

MURDER LEADS TO RIOTING.

Mob in South Carolina Seek to Avenge Death of Postmaster Hall. As the result of the murder of William Hall, postmaster at Chiquinque, Aiken county, South Carolina, two negroes were killed by a crowd of whites Friday night.

These men are still scouring the country hunting for other negroes said to have been in the conspiracy to kill the postmaster.

Two of Hall's brothers are in the crowd.

TROUBLE FOR BIG PLANT.

Southern Car and Foundry Company
Forced into the Courts Through
Big Floating Debts.

Judge Kirkpatrick, in the United States circuit court, at Trenton, N. J., Friday, appointed Thomas A. Gillis, of West Orange, N. J., receiver for the Southern Car and Foundry Company, a New Jersey corporation, with plants at Gadsden and Anniston, Ala., and Memphis and Lenore, Tenn. The liabilities consist of about \$2,300,000 of floating debts. The company had no bonded indebtedness. The assets consist of \$500,000, the value of the plants, and \$100,000 bills receivable. There are also about \$1,800,000 of material and supplies, the bulk of which has been pledged for loans and warehouse receipts given to cover the same.

Among the liabilities are \$50,000 due on the purchase price of the Anniston plant and \$225,000 due on notes to the Standard Steel Car Company, of Pennsylvania, upon whose application the receiver was appointed. The remaining liabilities are made up almost exclusively of notes.

Application will be made at once for the appointment of ancillary receivers in those states in which the company's property is located, in order to prevent the taking out of attachments. In addition to the appointment of a receiver Judge Kirkpatrick made an order restraining the company from doing business.

The company was incorporated with a capital stock of \$3,500,000, and of the stock of the company \$765,000 worth is owned by the Standard Steel Car Company.

A dispatch from Chattanooga says: A number of creditors have brought suits against the Southern Car and Foundry Company, which has plants in Gadsden, Anniston and Birmingham, in Alabama, and in Memphis and Lenore City, in Tennessee.

The first national bank of Birmingham was the first to take action, suing the company on an alleged indebtedness of \$20,000 and taking out an attachment against the plant at Gadsden, Ala., placing it in the hands of the sheriff. This threw a number of men out of employment. Immediately following this action creditors located at Gadsden brought suit and other attachments were issued against the plant in that city. Friday the Roane Iron Company, of Chattanooga, attached the funds belonging to the company in the Chattanooga national bank.

The company is the largest manufacturer of cars in the south and has been doing a tremendous business, running the plants on full time at the places mentioned. No explanation has been made in regard to the suits, but the company claims that it is not financially embarrassed.

MORE GRACE FOR BLACKS.

Epworth Leaguers Would Solve Race Problem Through Religion.

A special from Detroit says: There was no lessening of the enthusiasm among the Epworth Leaguers Friday night and Tent Ontario, Auditorium Epworth, the Detroit opera house and Central Methodist Episcopal church, where meetings were held, were again crowded.

Dr. H. M. Hamill, of Nashville, Tenn., talked on "The Field Near at Hand" at the tent meeting, and in his address referred to the negro question. "We have made the negro," he said, "a thing to be hated to and from by political parties and we have forgotten his religion in a large measure. What we need is to spend more time in putting the grace of Christ in the hearts of the black people. What we need to do to solve the negro problem is to transform any instinct of savagery that may exist in the few of that race, in order to stop the lighting of faggots and the raising of stakes. It is our only hope. And when you of the north write resolutions condemning mob law, remember that it is not Methodist hands that pull the ropes and light the fires."

In Auditorium Epworth, Rev. M. N. Waldrop, of Bentonville, Ark., was chairman, and Rev. A. B. Leonard, of New York, spoke on "The Field Far Away." Referring to the negro question, he said:

"Whether it be Englishman, Frenchman, Turk, German or Portuguese that makes conquests in Africa, the African is his helpless victim. Nor is America free from the shame and sin of oppressing and cruelly treating the children of Ham. Brought here, without their consent, as human merchandise, liberated after two centuries of slavery by the exigencies of war, they are now outcasts, socially and politically, and often denied the right of trial by jury, they are shot or hanged or burned at the stake, both in the north and in the south. American Christians must see to it that the negro shall have a fair chance in the race of life in America, and also do their utmost to give him the gospel in his native land."

AFTER PORTUGAL'S RULER.

Alleged Plot to Assassinate King Charles Brought to Light.

A dispatch from Lisbon says that a number of officers of the Fifth Portuguese infantry have been arrested on the charge of conspiring against King Charles.

They will be tried by courtmartial. Suspicious of a widespread conspiracy against the dynasty have been entertained for some time, the instigators being officers who were cashiered some time ago.

NEGRO WOMAN EXECUTED.

Paid Penalty for Murder of Girl. White Man Also Swung Up.

At South McAlester, Ind. T. Friday, Dora Wright, a negro, was hanged for the murder of Annie Williams, a 7-year-old negro girl. She mounted the scaffold without a tremor.

Charles Barrett was also hanged for the murder of John Hennessy, an aged man, whom he shot from ambush. Robbery was the motive.

MARKET IS RATTLED

Low Records for Year Cause
Demoralization in Gotham.

A GREAT RUSH TO SELL

Railroads and Industrials Principal
Securities Affected—Bargain
Hunters Help to Save the
Day—Market Bottomless.

Demoralization ruled in the New York stock market Wednesday, making it, up to the time of the closing rally, one of the most disastrous days since the memorable panic of May 9, 1901. New low records for the year were made in the trading on a heavy volume of business. Some of the declines in high grade investment stocks for the day ran all the way from 4 to 24 points.

In the early dealings there was a rush to sell. Prices dropped sharply and in some cases precipitately, with active stocks down 2 and 8 points each, and with an extreme break of over 50 points reported in St. Louis and San Francisco and Chicago and Eastern Illinois certificates. The decline was especially noteworthy, however, in such stocks as St. Paul, New York Central, Union Pacific, Canadian Pacific, Missouri Pacific, United States Steel and General Electric.

In the last half hour the covering of shorts and investments by bargain hunters were responsible for partial recoveries in a few like St. Paul, which closed fractionally above Tuesday's final quotations.

Traders were naturally disposed to view the selling of high grade investment issues with considerable uneasiness on the theory that it represented forced selling by important interests, who were obliged to part with their securities to raise funds to protect speculative accounts elsewhere in the market. Several important market interests were sellers of stocks that had been carried on borrowed money for a long period, the sales being induced by the attitude of the banks, which directed the calling in of loans to strengthen their position, preparatory to the expected heavy calls on their resources for crop movement purposes.

A distinctly unfavorable impression was created by the announcement of an issue of short time notes by the Union Pacific to the amount of \$10,000,000; also smaller loans by several other railroad companies. Following the borrowing by the Burlington, the action of the Union Pacific and other roads in going into the market for money naturally affords ground for uneasiness in speculative circles, particularly as the companies are forced to pay stiff rates for their accommodations. It is believed that the Union Pacific announcement was an important factor in the demoralization, and that the new demands of various railroads for money were responsible for the liquidation of many stock market accounts at serious losses.

The United States Steel issues, which were under pressure the greater part of the day, made new low record prices. Buying of these shares on the decline was said to be for the account of interests identified with the property, but the support was not sufficient to offset the sales as an influence of values.

To Wall street the unpleasant feature of the situation is that corporate borrowings seem to be becoming greater rather than less. While this feature persists it is pointed out the street cannot hope for easy money.

DEADLY WORK OF TOY PISTOLS.

Eight Deaths from Lockjaw Have Occurred at Cleveland, Ohio.

Charles Hines, of Cleveland, Ohio, died Wednesday of tetanus, as a result of an injury from a toy pistol received July 4. This makes the eighth death in Cleveland from lockjaw since the Fourth of July.

At South Norwalk, Conn., Arthur Cunningham, aged 12 years, is dead of lockjaw resulting from injuries received while firing a toy pistol.

MRS. BLAINE PASSES AWAY.

Widow of Great Republican Leader Dies at Old Home in Augusta, Me. Mrs. James G. Blaine died at the Blaine homestead in Augusta, Maine, Wednesday, at the age of 76.

From Washington, a short time ago, she went to the old family residence in Augusta. She was in an enfeebled condition, and during the past week she failed rapidly, her condition being due to a general breakdown of the system. She leaves one son, James G. Blaine, two daughters, Harriet Beale, and Mrs. Walter Damosch, of New York.

HOLOCAUST IN SANITARIUM.

Four People Lose Life in a Fire at Bonner Springs, Kansas.

Four persons lost their lives in a fire early Thursday morning, which destroyed the Bonner Springs, Kansas, sanitarium. All those who were burned were evidently suffocated, as none were heard to scream.

The building was three stories high and contained sixty rooms. Loss, \$30,000.

SCHWAB UNDER AN ALIAS.

In Order to Dodge the Public He Assumes Name of "Charles Lee."

The Philadelphia North American prints the statement that Charles M. Schwab is staying in Philadelphia under the assumed name of "Charles Lee, of New York City."

Schwab left New York on June 30, in the company of his physician, and since that time all trace of him had been lost.

JOBS SOLD BY MASTEN.

Places Offered to Highest Bidders.
Another Phase of Postoffice
Scandal Crops Out.

A Washington special says: The postoffice inspectors are investigating charges made against John M. Masten, now assistant superintendent of the railway mail service and formerly chief clerk of the first assistant postmaster general's office.

A man named Terry, now in the government service, has made an affidavit before the inspectors alleging that Masten, while chief clerk to the first assistant postmaster general, proposed that Terry pay him \$50 down and \$5 to \$10 a month to secure reinstatement in a former position in Masten's bureau. Terry charges that he was originally a \$600 employee in the dead letter office; that he was removed under an order of Masten and put into the city postoffice; that he protested and finally that Masten suggested his getting an outside party, a close friend of Masten and a former employee of the postal service, to help him.

The affidavit alleges that Masten gave Terry assurance that if he paid the amount mentioned he could get back; that he went to Masten's house about the matter, but did not pay the money. Terry charges that subsequently he made an affidavit making these charges and handed it to Masten to present to First Assistant Postmaster General Johnson. According to the charges Masten subsequently was asked by Terry for the affidavit and refused to return it and Terry thereupon placed the information before the civil service commission, who took up the matter with the president.

The federal grand jury is considering several important postoffice cases which are expected to prove of widespread interest. Postmaster General Payne said Tuesday afternoon that he expected there would be some important news during his absence and his qualifications which will enable him to perform such work better than a person selected from the eligible register of the commission. The pending investigation has disclosed a number of irregular transfers.

An agreement has been reached between the postoffice department and the civil service commission regarding the transfer of employees from other departments to the postoffice department. The new regulations provide that in such transfers it must be shown that the person to be transferred will be employed on work similar to that previously performed by him, and his qualifications which will enable him to perform such work better than a person selected from the eligible register of the commission. The pending investigation has disclosed a number of irregular transfers.

MAUDIE AT IT AGAIN.

Aid of Police Invoked at a Ret Hot Meeting in Dublin.

A special from Dublin, Ireland, says: Wild scenes Monday marked the second debate by the municipal corporation on the question of presenting and address of welcome to King Edward on his arrival in Dublin. The public gallery was filled with people before the meeting began, and the huge crowd which was shut out subsequently broke down the doors in its effort to get in.

Lord Mayor Harrington made a violent speech against the address and compared the nationalists, who favor it to be men who had "sold the Irish parliament."

Maudie Gonne (Mrs. McBride) was among the demonstrators who continued the uproar until the lord mayor finally called in the police who cleared the hall.

After a stormy sitting of four hours, the motion in favor of the address was defeated by 400 to 37 votes.

THREE INSTANTLY KILLED.

Two Seriously Hurt and Buildings Destroyed by Powder Explosion.

Three men instantly killed and two seriously hurt, together with three buildings totally destroyed, is the result of an explosion at the Ladin powder works, at Ladin, Pa., Monday afternoon. The force of the explosion shook every house in the town of Ladin.

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PORTS OPEN TO ALL

Agreement Reached Between
Russia and Uncle Sam.

WILL BENEFIT THE SOUTH

Manchuria Will Not Be Bottled Up.
So Far as Trade With the Outside World is Concerned.
Satisfaction Expressed.

According to advices received in Washington Thursday, the Manchurian question has been settled satisfactorily to this government. Assurances have been received from the Chinese government that it will, in the near future, open as treaty ports several ports now closed to the world's trade. The Russian government has conveyed formal assurance to the United States government that it will not, in any way, oppose such opening. While the ports to be opened are not yet specified, it is gathered from the communications received that they are Moukden, the principal inland port of Manchuria, and Ta Tung Kao, at the mouth of the Yalu river.

It is now known that the negotiations which have terminated so successfully, so far as broad lines are concerned for only details remain, to be adjusted, were practically brought to their present phase by Secretary Hay and Count Cassini, at a meeting at the Russian embassy on June 28, the day the secretary departed for Newport, for the ambassador then had in hand the necessary authorization from his own government to make the pledges which are now in process of redemption. These pledges were reduced to writing by Mr. Hansen, the Russian charge, during his call at the state department Tuesday.

It remains for Mr. Conger to define, in the trade treaty which he is negotiating with China, the terms and conditions upon which the new ports are to be opened.

Important to the South. The prospect gives the keenest satisfaction here for Secretary Hay has been for more than two years in steady pursuit of the open door in Manchuria, which he has already pointed out is so important to the cotton interests of the south.

Simultaneously with the promise to open up Manchuria to the world's trade comes a report to the bureau of commerce and labor from United States Consul Miller, at Niu Chwang, which is so far the only open port in Manchuria, respecting the cotton goods trade of that province. He says that the great market for cotton goods in Manchuria is attracting the attention of Russian manufacturers at Moscow. They are trying to capture a good share of the 21,000,000 yards (\$12,180,000) worth of cotton goods trade that annually comes through this port and are offering most tempting inducements to merchants here to go to Moscow to purchase supplies.

The completion of the Siberian railway, says the consul, has brought a new factor in the great cotton goods trade of north China, and American manufacturers must be alive to the situation and adjust their business arrangements to meet the new conditions if they wish to hold their trade.

The volunteer fleet, heavily subsidized by the Russian government, is carrying Russian goods into North China at low freight rates, and these goods are being entered at Port Arthur and Dally without paying any customs; besides the port charges for merchant ships are nominal, and there are no pilot charges. American goods go first to Shanghai, where customs duties and port charges, storage and handling are paid, and then are reshipped to Niu Chwang, where freight, pilotage, port and handling charges are again paid. This fleet consists of fourteen steamers, with a total tonnage 38,481 tons.

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Cream of News.

Brief Summary of Most
Important Events
of Each Day.

—Near Norway, S. C., where a negro was recently lynched and the blacks threatened to exterminate the whites, a negro killed a postmaster Wednesday.